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E.O. 12356: DECL: OADR TAGS: OWIP GROWN, ROWALD) EIRG PHUM PREL US CH SUBJECT: COMMERCE SECRETARY ROW BROWN'S AUGUST 29

MEETING WITH CHENESE PRENIER IN PENC

- 1. COMPIDENTIAL ENTIRE TEXT.
- 2. SUMMARY: IN AM AUGUST 25 MEETING WITH CHINESE PREMIER LI PENG, CONNERCE SECRETARY ROR BROWN STRESSED THE IMPORTANCE TO U.S. -CHINA RELATIONS OF RENEWING THE BILATERAL DIALOGUE ON MUMAN RIGHTS. HE STATED THAT HIS PURPOSE IN COMING TO CHINA WAS TO STRENGTHEN THE TWO COUNTRIES' ECONOMIC, TRADE, AND INVESTMENT TRES, AND BE SOUGHT LI'S SUPPORT FOR U.S. COMPANIES' CONTRACT BIDS. LE STATED THAT CHIMA HAD NO OBJECTION TO A NUMBER RIGHTS DIALOGUE CARRIED OUT ON THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND MUTUAL RESPECT. HE SAID THAT CHINA WELCOMED U.S. RAY MATERIALS, ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY, AND MANAGERIAE SKILLS. LI MADE A PITCH FOR A PRESIDENT CLIRTON VISIT TO CHIKA, STATING THAT THE TWO SIDES NEEDED TO GO BEYOND MINISTERIAL AND VICE PREMIER-LEVEL VISITS, AND MINTED THAT SUCH A VISIT WOULD BE REWARDED WITH BUSINESS CONTRACTS. FRO SUMMARY.
- 3. COMMERCE SECRETARY ROWALD BROWN MET AUGUST 79 WITH CHINESE PREMIER LE PENG. MENISTER OF TRADE AND FOREIGN ECONOMIC COOPERATION ONOFIECD WU YI, VICE FOREIGN HINISTER LIU MUADIU, AND OTHER CHINESE OFFICIALS ALSO ATTENDED. AMBASSADOR ROY, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE OFFICIALS, U.S. BUSINESS LEADERS, EMBGFS, AND AN EMBASSY INTERPRETER ACCOMPANIED SECRETARY BROWN.
- 4. AFTER OPENING PLEASANTRIES, SECRETARY BROWN LED OFF THE DISCUSSION BY STATING THAT THE U.S. SIDE

WARTED TO ENHANCE COMMERCIAL RELATIONS DETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. THE U.S. AND CHINA ALREADY HAD MADE GREAT PROCRESS IN THEIR RELATIONS. THE SEATTLE APEC MEETING BETWEEN PRESIDENT-CLINION AND PRESIDENT JIANG ZEMIN CONSTITUTED AN IMPORTANT BEFAXTREOUGH AND PROVIDED THE TWO LEADERS WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO BUILD A PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP. BROWN MOTED THAT A VISIT BY MOFTEC MINISTER WU YI TO YASHINGTON IN THE SPRING HAD RESULTED IN A WEST PRODUCTIVE MEFTING. MU'S VISIT HAS FOLLOWED SOON AFTER BY PRESIDENT CLINION'S NYH DECISION, WHICH OPENED THE DOOR FOR A MUCH ENHANCED U.S.-CIINA COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIP.

- 5. BROWN EXPRESSED HIS APPRECIATION FOR LITS ENCOURAGEMENT FOR THE COMMERCIAL OPPORTUNITIES THE TWO COUNTRIES PLANNED TO PURSUE. AND STATED THAT LITS HELP WOULD BE INSTRUMENTAL IN REACHING A SUCCESSIVE RESULT. THE U.S. WAS LOOKING BEYOND THE HORIZON OF THE BILATERAL COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIP. IN ORDER FOR THE VISIT TO BE PERCEIVED AS SUCCESSIVE, IT WAS NECESSARY TO SIGN AGREEMENTS ON SPECIFIC TRANSACTIONS AND ON MECHANISMS FOR FUTURE COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS. IN THAT REGARD, SAID BROWN, AS THE U.S. SICRETARY OF COMMERCE, HIS FOCUS WAS OMECONOMICS. TRADE AND COMMERCE.
- 6. BROWN THEN TOOK THE OPPORTUNITY TO RAISE THE ISSUE OF NUMAN RICHTS. BE SAID THAT HE REALIZED IT WAS AN ISSUE OF SOME SENSITIVITY, AND THEREFORE, WANTED TO

DEAL WITH IT IN A NON-COMFRONTATIONAL MARHER. BROWN SAID THAI HE WAS SURE THE PREMIER COULD APPRECIATE HOW DIFFICULT PRESIDENT CLINION'S BECISON ON NEW WAS, AND THAI IT WOULD BE EXTERMELY IMPORTANT FOR THE LONG-TERM U.S.-CHIMA RELATIONSHIP TO RESTART THE BILATERAL HUMAN RICHTS DIALOGUE. REENCACEMENT ON MUMAN RICHTS, COUPLED WITH A SUCCESSFUL COMMERCIAL MISSION. WOULD SEND THE MESSACE THAT PRESIDENT CLINION'S DECISON OR WITH WAS THE RICHT DMF, AND WOULD RELP BUILD SUPPORT IN THE U.S. FOR A POSITIVE U.S. CHIMA BELATIONSHIP.

- 7. FIRST AND FOREMOST, BROWN SAID, THE U.S. AND CHINA HAVE MUCH AT STAKE IN FORENCE A CLOSER ECONOMIC RELATIONSHIP. THE U.S., THE WORLD'S LARGEST ECONOMY AND MOST BEVELOPED HATION, WANTED TO STRENGTHEN ITS RELATIONS WITH CHINA, THE WORLD'S LARGEST EMERGING MARKET. THE U.S. WANTED TO WORK CLOSELY WITH CRIMA TO FURTHER THEIR TRADE, ECONOMIC, AND LIVESTMENT TIES.
- 8. LI REPLIED THAT THE U.S. WAS THE WORLD'S MOST ULVELOPED NATION AND CHINA WAS THE WORLD'S LARCEST DEVELOPING NATION. IT WAS IMPORTANT TO STRENGTHEN RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES IN EVERY FIELD. WE MOTED THAT SINCE THE TWO PRESIDENTS MET IN SEATTLE DURING THE APEC LEADERS' MEETING, U.S. CHINA BILATERAL RELATIONS HAD DEVELOPED STRONGLY, AND CHINA WAS PLEASED.
- 9. LI THEN STATED THAT HE WANTED TO MAKE TWO

IMPORTANT POINTS, ALTHOUGH HE MAS NOT SURE BROWN WOULD AGREE WITH HIM ITHE FIRST POINT WAS THAT THE MORID MAS MOUTING TOWARD MULTIPOLARITY. IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE FOR ONE COUNTRY TO RULE THE WHOLE WORLD. THEREFORE, A BIG COUNTRY LIKE THE U.S., WEALTHY AND ADVANCED TECHNOLOGICALLY, REFERED TO COOPERATE WITH OTHER COUNTRIES. THE SECOND POINT WAS THAT ECONOMICS WAS SECONING INCREASINGLY IMPORTANT IN WORLD.

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PAGE 82 OF 83 BEIJIN 39823 88 OF 83 3818522 85683 AFFARS. WHILE IDEOLOGY BAS RECOMING INCREASINGLY PASSE, THE IMPORTANCE OF ECONOMICS WAS IN THE ASSEMBLED.

18. CHINA: BASED ON ITS PER CAPITA GRP, WAS STILL A DEVELOPING COUNTRY, BUT MAD AN ENORMOUS POTENTIAL. LI PREDICTED THAT CHINA'S ECONOMY WOULD CONTINUE TO GROW AT THE RATE OF 8-9 PERCENT UNTIL THE END OF THE CENTURY. TRADE MOULD REACH USD GROW AT THE SAME RATE. CHINA'S TRADE COULD REACH USD 268 BILLION BY THE END OF 1934 AND USD 488 BILLION BY THE YEAR 2888.

11. IN ADDITION TO CHINA'S ROLE AS A LARGE MARKET, CHINA AND THE U.S. HAD COMPLEMENTARY ECONOMIES, II STRESSED. U.S. PRODUCTS AND MICH TECHNOLOGY YERE WELCOME TO ENTER THE CHINESE MARKET. LI LISTED TRANSPORTATION, MACHINERY, TELECOMPUNICATIONS, AND ENERGY AS SOME OF THE AREAS WHERE THE U.S. WAS COMPETITIVE, AND MARKED AT AND T AND MOTOROLA AS TWO U.S. COMPANIES DOING WELE IN CHINA, WITH MOTOROLA DOMINATING 1TS MARKET. CHINA'S ELECTRICITY INDUSTRY MEEDED TO INCREASE ITS OUTPUT, AND LI PREDICTED THAT GE AND WESTIMACHOUSE WOULD EXPAND THEIR MARKETS IN

CHINA. HE MENTIONED A JOINT VENTURE CONTRACT INVOVING VING VESTINGUOUSE AND JIANGSU PROVINCE THAT WOULD BE SIGNED DURING BROWN'S VISIT AND ANOTHER WESTINGHOUSE PROJECT WITH A COMPANY IN SHANGHAL. BOTH PROJECTS VERE TECHNOLOGY INTENSIVE. HOWEVER, CHINA ALSO MEEDED RAW MATERIAL PRODUCTS FROM THE U.S., SUCK AS WHEAT, CKENICAL FERTILLIZER, AND PURP. ALTHOUGH CHINA SUPPLIED A LOT OF ITS OWN STRAIN, SAID LI-IT INPORTED WHEAT FROM THE U.S. FOR VARIETY.

12. CI RAISED AVIATION AS ANOTHER AREA FOR BILATERAL COOPERATION. HE SAID THAT ALTHOUGH A MCDONNICL-DOUGLAS AGREEMENT MOULD NOT BE READY TO SIGN DURING THE VISIT. A LETTER OF INTENT WOULD BE SIGNED. LI ALSO HOTED THAT. IN THE AUTOMOTIVE FIELD, U.S. COMPANIES WERE BERIND THE GERMANS AND THE JAPANESE. HOWEVER, CHIMA IMPORTED A FAIR NUMBER OF U.S. VERICLES. CHRYSIER CORPORATION HAD HAD AN OPPORTUNITY IN 1987 TO PARTICIPATE IN A JOINT WHITURE, BUT CRRYSIER SPRICE WAS TOO HIGH, AND THE OPPORTUNITY WAS COST.

13. IN ADDITION TO U.S. TECHNOLOGY AND PRODUCTS, CHINA WELCOMED OPPORTUNITIES TO LEASH FROM U.S. HARAGERIAL TECHNIQUES. CHINA WAS PURSUING A MARKET ECONOMY. BUT CHINA'S WERSION OF THE MARKET ECONOMY WAS NOT LIKE THAT OF THE U.S. CHINA WANTED LONG-TERM COOPERATION WITH THE U.S. IN SOFTWARE, AS WELL AS WARDWARE, AND ON THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND MUTUAL BENEFIT. LI SAID THAT PRESIDENT CLINTON'S MEM DECISION WAS WISE AND CORRECT, AND BENEFICIAL TO THE

U.S. AND CHIMA. CHIMA HAD NO OBJECTION TO A DIALOGUE ON RUMAN RIGHTS. BUT THAT DIALOGUE SHOULD TAKE PLACE ON THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND HUTUAL RESPECT.

14. LI SAID THAT BROWN'S VISIT GAVE IMPETUS TO THE COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIP. HOWEVER, THE EXCHANGE OF VISITS AT THE HIGHEST LEVEL WAS AN IMPORTANT INDICATION OF A NORMAL RELATIONSHIP. THERE HAD

ALREADY BEEN VISITS AT THE VICE PREMIEW AND MINISTERIAL LEVEL. BOTH SIDES SHOULD DO MORE TO PROMOTE VISITS AT A HIGHER LEVEL.

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15. BROWN AGREED WITH LI THAT THE U.S. AND CHIMA YERE INTER-RELATED IN PROFOUND WAYS. NO COUNTRY WAS IN A POSITION TO BICTATE TO ANOTHER. THE U.S. DID NOT TRY TO DICTATE TO CHIMA. BUT RATHER WANTED TO BUILD RELATIONS ON THE BASIS OF MUIUAL RESPECT AND TRUST. ECONOMIC RELATIONS WERE SHOREASINGLY IMPORTANT AND COULD NOT BE SEPARATED FROM THE ISSUE OF SECURITY. INAT HAS MAY THE FIRST CABINET-LEVEL VISIT TO CHIMA FOLLOWING THE METH DECISION HAS BEING LED BY THE SECRETARY OF COMMERCES.

16. BROWN REFERRED TO THE MCDONKEL-DOUGLAS AGREEMENT. BE NOTED THAT IT WAS IMPORTANT FOR IT HOT BE LIMITED TO LETTER OF INTENT, BUT ALSO TO BE INCLUDED IN THE SIGNING CEREMONY RATER THAT EVENING AS A FULL-FLEDGED AGREEMENT. BROWN SAID THAT HE WAS SURE THAT, WITH LI'S HELP, THE ISSUE COULD REACH A

SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION MEDONNEL-DOUGLAS EXECUTIVES WIRE FLEXIBLE. THE SIGNING OF THE AVIATION AGREEMENT MOULD CONTRIBUTE TO THE VISIT BEING INTERPRETED AS A SUCCESS. IN ADDITION, IT WOULD HELP PROMOTE U.S.-CRIMA ECONOMIC RELATIONS.

1). REFERPING TO CHRYSLER, BROWN SAID THAT THE COMPANY'S EXECUTIVES DID NOT WANT TO LET OPPORTUNITY PASS THEM BY AGAIN. THEY WERE MEETING WITH CHIMESE OFFICIALS AND MOPING TO SIGN AN AGREEMENT BEFORE THE NO OF THE WISIT.

18. LI RESPONDED INAT, IF BOIN SIDES WERE FLEXIBLE REGARDING THE AVIATION AGREEMENT, THE RESULT WOULD BE SUCCESSEUL. REGARDING THE AUTONOTIVE INDUSTRY, I SAID THAT VOLKSMAGON AND CITREN CONTROLLED THE DOMESTIC MARKET FOR FOREIGH-DESIGNED AND CO-PRODUCED AUTOS. EVEN JAPAN COULD ONLY MANAGE A SMALL TOC-NOLD. CLRYSLER RAD A SMALL PROJECT IN GUANCDONG. ME HOPED THAT ITS OTHER PROJECT WOULD BE SUCCESSEUL. IT MOTED THAT ITS OTHER PROJECT WOULD BE THE WORLD'S LARGEST HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT. ME SAID THAT U.S. SOPHISTICATED ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY SUITED CHINA'S MEEDS. CHINA WELCOMED U.S. FIRMS' PARTICIPATION IN THE THREE GOOGES PROJECT.

19. BROWN STATED THAT CARYSLER HAD SHOWN EXTRAORDINARY FLEXIBILITY IN ITS RECOTTATIONS. IT USED TO SEE THE FORCE OF THAT THE PROBLEM WOULD BE RESOLVED.

EECAUSE THE GAP BETWEEN CHRYSLER AND ITS POTENTIAL PARTNER WAS SMALL. WE EXPRESSED THE NOPE THAT LI WOULD USE ALL HIS INFLUENCE TO BRING THE CHRYSLER DEAL TO A SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION.

28. SEGARDING THE BILATERAL HUMAN RIGHTS DIALOGUE, BROWN SAID IT WAS IMPORTANT THAT THERE BE AN ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE DIALOGUE WOULD BE REOPENED, ON THE BASIS OF EQUALITY AND MUTUAL RESPECT, BEFORE HE DEPARTED. BROWN DESCRIBED PRESIDENT CLINTON AS BEING ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT VISITING CHIMA AND INVITING PRESIDENT JIANG ZEMIN TO THE U.S. HOWEVER, SUCH MOVES MOULD CEPEND ON HOW THE RELATIONS DEVELOPED, NOT SOCIETY IN THE ECONOMIC REALM, BUT ALSO IN OTHER AREAS. FOR THAT REASON, SAID BROWN, HE WAS PRESSING FOR ACHIEVERENTS NOT JUST IN COMMERCIAL RELATIONS, BUT ALSO IN THE OTHER AREAS DISCUSSED.

21. II CONCLUDED BY SAYING THAT THE TWO SIDES SHOULD MAKE JOINT EFFORTS IN THE SMALL AREA OF THE AUTO

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PAGE 83 OF 83 BEIJIN 39823 BW OF 83 JØ18521 856883 INDUSTRY AND THE LANGE AREA OF EXCHANGE OF VISITS. ME PROMISED BROWN HATH HE WOULD HOT GO BACK ENTY MANDED, AND ADDED THAT THEY WOULD PREPARE MORE PROJECTS FOR PRESIDENT CLINTON'S SIGNATURE.

22. THIS CABLE HAS BEEN CLEARED BY SECRETARY BROWN'S DEEEGATION. ROY